

## Russia attacks 'poisoned' Johnson over comparison with Hitler

**INSIDE TIMES2** 

Catherine Philip Diplomatic Correspondent Francis Elliott Political Editor

Russia claimed that Boris Johnson was poisoned with hate and boorishness last night after he compared President Putin hosting the World Cup to Adolf Hitler staging the Olympics. The foreign secretary said that it was

an emetic prospect to think of Putin glorying in this sporting event" but stopped short of advocating a boycott.

He warned Russia that it would be held responsible for ensuring the safety of British fans. The diplomat responsible for their protection is among 23 due to be expelled by Saturday. Hitler used Berlin's hosting of the

summer games in 1936 as propaganda

for the Nazi regime. Under his rule for the Nazi regime. Under his rule German athletics organisations had an "Aryan-only" policy, which caused out-rage around the world. Despite threats of boycotts, the Games went ahead.

At a Commons committee hearing yesterday, the Labour MP Ian Austin said: "The idea of Putin handing over the World Cup to the captain of the winning team, the idea of Putin using this as a PR exercise to gloss over the brutal, corrupt regime for which he is responsible — it fills me with horror." Mr.Johnson could be heard saying: "I'm afraid that's completely right

The comparison prompted an angry reaction from Moscow and further raised tensions after the poisoning of a former Russian spy and his daughter with a nerve agent in Salisbury on March 4. Theresa May and Britain's lies blame Russia for the attack. Maria Zakharova, the Russian

eign ministry spokeswoman, said that Mr Johnson was "poisoned with venom of hate, unprofessionalism and boor-ishness", "It's scary to remember that its person represents the political leadership of a nuclear power," she said, Continued on page 2, col 3

## **Advertisers** threaten to pull out of **Facebook**

## Zuckerberg says sorry for personal data scandal

Mark Bridge Technology Correspondent James Dean, Billy Kenb

Advertisers threatened to abandon Facebook last night as Mark Zuckerberg admitted that the company had made mistakes over the Cambridge Analytica scandal.

Mr Zuckerberg, co-founder and chief executive of the US technology giant, broke his silence to head off a revolt among users and financial backers.

ISBA, a British group of leading advertisers that spend hundreds of auvertisers that spenu numereus millions of pounds a year on Facebook, demanded answers. It is understood that some of its 3,000 brands, which include those of the consumer goods companies Unilever and P&G, will not tolerate association with Facebook if it emerges that users' data has found its way into the hands of brokers and political campaigners without authorisa-tion. Sources close to the trade body said that if the company's answers were not satisfactory, advertisers might spend their money elsewhere. ISBA will meet Facebook executives this week.

The row centres on claims that Cam-bridge Analytica, the British company embroiled in allegations of election meddling obtained the personal data of 50 million Americans without consent. Facebook's lax terms allowed app developers to access the data of users and their network of friends with no checks

to prevent it being sold on, it is claimed. Several financial groups said that

they would stop buying Facebook shares for their ethical investment funds or were reviewing their holdings. Nordea, the largest bank in the Nordic region, which manages about £283 bil-lion, said that it had put some of its Facebook investments in "quarantine" while it assessed the impact of the scandal. Union Investment, a German group that manages about £255 billion, said that it was reviewing its holding of

Facebook shares. Investors are also suing Facebook, claiming that it made "false and mischaining that it made it asses and mis-leading statements' about policies that failed to prevent Cambridge Analytica from obtaining data intended for use by a Cambridge University researcher, Aleksandr Kogan.

Brian Acton, the co-founder of WhatsApp, led calls to delete Facebook, which trended on Twitter. Mr Acton, whose company was bought by Face-book for £16 billion three years ago, wrote: "It is time. #deletefacebook". It received 10,000 "likes". Facebook shares closed up 0.7 per cent to \$169.39, halting a slide that wiped \$50 billion, or

9.2 per cent, off the company's value on Monday and Tuesday. Mr Zuckerberg, 33, said that 'we made mistakes' and 'there's more to do, and we need to step up and do it'. In a Facebook post he pledged to investi-gate suspicious looking apps and to ban developers who refused to comply with an audit. He added: "We will restrict Continued on page 10, col 4



Corruption charge Nicolas Sarkozy, the former French president, leaving a police station on the outskirts of Paris last night after he was charged with accepting €50 million in campaign funding from Colonel Gaddafi in 2007 Page 35

## Back pain treatment is useless, experts warn

Chris Smyth Health Editor

Millions of patients with back pain are being given pointless drugs, surgery and injections, with a third prescribed

dangerous opioids, experts say. Doctors prefer to offer useless and often harmful treatments rather than tell patients there is nothing to be done except stay active, an international group of scientists has found.

Exercise and psychological therapy are the only things that work for most cases of chronic back pain but too many people wrongly believe the myth that rest is best for the condition, they add.

Job satisfaction and a positive attitude are among the strongest indica-tors of whether back pain will turn into serious disability but their report, pub-lished today, says doctors are reluctant to discuss social and psychological ap-

proaches, preferring needless scans. Back pain is the world's leading cause

of disability, with up to nine million es-timated to suffer from it in Britain and half a billion worldwide but a series in The Lancet says that it is routinely badly treated. In Britain one in seven GP appointments is for muscle and nerve

oblems, mostly back pain. NHS guidelines recommend mainly NHS guidelines recommend mainly exercise and therapy but Martin Un-derwood of the University of Warwick, one of the series' authors, says they are often ignored. "In this country it affects a huge number of people," he said. "It's a huge number of people, "he said. "It's equipped to deal with. Patients under-standably look for solutions and a cure but the resility is we don't have a cure. but the reality is we don't have a cure. We don't understand what causes the vast majority of back pain."

Steroid injections are increasing, as are scans that often lead to surgery, a fifth of which actually makes the problem worse. Professor Underwood said. "The evidence underpinning these in-

vasive treatments is very weak indeed. And they have harms."
He pointed to studies showing that a third of British patients with back pain are given opioids such as tramadol, codeine and morphine but said: "If any-thing the evidence is that [opioids] can end up making your pain worse." About 24 million opioid prescriptions are written by GPs each year, double the figure a decade ago. Ministers have launched a review into concerns that patients are becoming hooked and suf-fering dangerous side-effects.

Past studies have found that pills like paracetamol and ibuprofen barely help paracetamol and ibuprofen barely help with back pain. Psychological tech-niques to help cope with pain can stop it leading to permanent disability, how-ever. "Your belief system and psycho-logical state are important predictors of whether you're going to end up dis-abled. It's a difficult message to get across," Professor Underwood said.